

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		A	TTORNEY DOCKET NO.
09/062,714	04/20/98	ROTHMAN		N	205950
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		QM12/1013	• -	·	
NIXON & VANDERHYE			_	KOO,B	
1100 NORTH GLEBE RD 8TH FLOOR			Į	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTON V	/A 22201-4714	1	_	3764	

10/13/99

DATE MAILED:

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

Application No. 09/062,714

Applicant(s)

Neil S. Rothman et al.

Office Action Summary

Examiner

Benjamin Koo

Group Art Unit 3764



X Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jul 13, 1999	·
☐ This action is FINAL .	
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1939	
A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to is longer, from the mailing date of this communication. Failure application to become abandoned. (35 U.S.C. § 133). Extension 37 CFR 1.136(a).	to respond within the period for response will cause the
Disposition of Claims	
X Claim(s) 6-9	is/are pending in the application.
Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
☐ Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
X Claim(s) 6-9	is/are rejected.
Claim(s)	is/are objected to.
☐ Claims	
Application Papers See the attached Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing is/are object The drawing(s) filed on is/are object The proposed drawing correction, filed on The specification is objected to by the Examiner. The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d). If the priority documents have been International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic prioring. Attachment(s) Notice of References Cited, PTO-892 Information Disclosure Statement(s), PTO-1449, Paper No. Interview Summary, PTO-413 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review, PTO-94 Notice of Informal Patent Application, PTO-152 	lo(s)2
SEE OFFICE ACTION ON	THE FOLLOWING PAGES

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There in no mention in the specification of the term "band" or "bands" which are an essential component of the applicant's invention, claims will be interpreted as best understood by the Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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4. Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Halperin et al.

'674 in view of Huxley III, et al. '955. Halperin et al. shows a belt (10), a bladder (12) inherently

having top and bottom panels but does not mention the removability of the bladder, the material

choice, the specific size and the band(s). It would have been obvious to have featured

removability, because such a limitation is old and well-known. Removability allows the user to

change the bladders between usages for use on other patients, for the sake of hygiene and

sterileness, where the belt itself may be reused. Furthermore, it has been held that the mere fact

that a given structure is integral does not preclude its consisting of various elements. Nerwin v.

Erlichman, 168 USPQ 177, 179 (PTO Bd. of Int. 1969). It would have been obvious to use

nylon because such a material choice would be considered an obvious art-recognized alternative

material, known in the art. Huxley III, et al. shows a "band" (44) attached to the top panel (36)

having an opening (via 46) to receive a belt (17). It would have been obvious to have used a

"band" configuration, because such a configuration would be considered an obvious means of

attachment in the art. Whether one uses loops, velcro, or tape, variations in attachment between

two known elements are considered obvious.

5. Any inquiry concerning the specifics of this communication should be directed to

Examiner Ben Koo who can be reached at 703-308-2657.

bk

October 11, 1999

Michael A. Brown Primary Examiner

Mhael a. Brown

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